

PENAL SUM—Continued

Type of bond	Basis	Minimum	Maximum
(d) Unit bond:			
(1) Both operations at a distilled spirits plant (and any adjacent bonded wine cellar) and withdrawals from the bonded premises of the same distilled spirits plant.	Total penal sums of (a) and (c)(1) of this section	6,000	1,300,000
(2) Both operations at two or more distilled spirits plants (and any adjacent bonded wine cellar) within the same region and withdrawals from the bonded premises of the same distilled spirits plants.	Total penal sums of (b) and (c)(2) of this section in lieu of which given.	(³)	(⁴)

¹Sum of the minimum penal sums required for each plant covered by the bond.

²Sum of the maximum penal sums required for each plant covered by the bond. (The maximum penal sum for one plant is \$1,000,000.)

³Sum of the minimum penal sums for operations and withdrawal bonds required for each plant covered by the bond.

⁴Sum of the maximum penal sums for area operations bonds and withdrawal bonds required for the plants covered by the unit bond.

(Sec. 805(c), Pub. L. 96–39, 93 Stat. 276 (26 U.S.C. 5173))

[T.D. ATF–198, 50 FR 8464, Mar. 1, 1985; 50 FR 23410, June 4, 1985]

§ 19.246 Strengthening bonds.

In all cases when the penal sum of any bond becomes insufficient, the principal shall either give a strengthening bond with the same surety to attain a sufficient penal sum, or give a new bond to cover the entire liability. Strengthening bonds will not be approved where any notation is made thereon which is intended, or which may be construed, as a release of any former bond, or as limiting the amount of any bond to less than its full penal sum. Strengthening bonds shall show the current date of execution and the effective date.

(Sec. 201, Pub. L. 85–859, 72 Stat. 1394, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5551); sec. 805(c), Pub. L. 96–39, 93 Stat. 276 (26 U.S.C. 5173))

NEW OR SUPERSEDING BONDS

§ 19.247 General.

New bonds shall be required in case of insolvency or removal of any surety, and may, at the discretion of the appropriate TTB officer, be required in any other contingency affecting the validity or impairing the efficiency of such bond. Executors, administrators, assignees, receivers, trustees, or other persons acting in a fiduciary capacity, continuing or liquidating the business

of the principal, shall execute and file a new bond or obtain the consent of the surety or sureties on the existing bond or bonds. When, under the provisions of § 19.250, the surety on any bond given under this subpart has filed an application to be relieved of liability under said bond and the principal desires or intends to continue the business of operations to which such bond relates, he shall file a valid superseding bond to be effective on or before the date specified in the surety's notice. New or superseding bonds shall show the current date of execution and the effective date.

(Sec. 201, Pub. L. 85–859, 72 Stat. 1353, as amended, 1394, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5175, 5176, 5551); sec. 805(c), Pub. L. 96–39, 93 Stat. 276 (26 U.S.C. 5173))

§ 19.248 New or superseding bond.

(a) *Operations bond.* When a new or superseding operations bond is not given as required in § 19.247, the principal shall immediately discontinue the business or distilled spirits operations to which such bond relates.

(b) *Withdrawal bond.* When a new or superseding withdrawal bond is not given as required by § 19.247, the principal may not withdraw any distilled spirits from bonded premises (other